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Name																	

II Semester B.A. Degree (CBCSS (OBE)-Regular) Examination, April 2020 (2019 Admission)

Complementary Elective Course in Economics/Development Economics 2C02 ECO/DEV ECO: MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMIC ANALYSIS – II

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

PART - A

(Answer all questions. Each carries one mark.)

- 1. Define matrix.
- 2. What is minor?
- 3. Differentiate between cofactor and adjoint matrices.
- 4. Solve $\int x^{-1/5} dx$.
- 5. What is non-singular matrix?
- 6. What is the condition of vector multiplication?

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

PART - B

(Answer any six questions. Each carries two marks.)

- 7. Differentiate between identity and null matrices.
- 8. What is characteristic vector?
- 9. What is consumer surplus?
- 10. What is an inverse matrix?
- 11. Differentiate between minors and cofactors.
- 12. What is Gaussian elimination method?

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- 13. Evaluate the definite integrals $\int_{1}^{10} 3x^2 dx$.
- 14. What is Laplace expansion?

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

PART - C

(Answer any four questions. Each carries three marks.)

- 15. Integrate $\int 15x(x+4)^{3/2} dx$.
- 16. Explain the properties of definite integrals.
- 17. Find the determinant $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 7 & 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 18. What is an inverse? Explain the properties of inverse.
- 19. Given $MC = 12 e^{0.5Q}$ and fixed cost = 36. Find the total cost.

20. Find the rank of matrix A if A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 4 & -8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
. (4×3=12)

PART - D

(Answer any two questions. Each carries five marks.)

- 21. Using Cramer's rule, solve $5x_1 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 16$, $2x_1 + 3x_2 5x_3 = 2$, $4x_1 5x_2 + 6x_3 = 7$.
- 22. What is characteristic vector? Find the characteristic roots and vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 23. Explain the economic applications of indefinite integration. Given MR = 100 2q. Find a) the total revenue function.
- 24. Under a monopoly, the quantity sold and market price are determined by the demand function. If the demand function for a profit maximising monopolist is P = 274 Q² and MC = 4 + 3Q. Find consumer surplus. (2×5=10)