

Reg. No. :

Name:

III Semester M.Com. Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – OBE-Regular) Examination, October 2024 (2023 Admission) Open Elective Course

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

CMCOM 03001: INCOME TAX LAW AND PRACTICE

SECTION - A

Answer any five questions in this Section. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. Distinguish between Direct taxes and Indirect taxes.
- 2. Write down the differences between the Assessment Year and the Previous Year.
- 3. Distinguish between Capital Receipts and Revenue Receipts.
- 4. Define Unabsorbed Depreciation.
- 5. Differentiate between Gross Total Income and Total Income.
- 6. What is meant by "Accelerated Assessment"?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions in this Section. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 7. What are Perquisites? Give examples of tax-free perquisites.
- 8. From the following information, compute the annual value of the house:

Municipal value

80,000 SIR SYED COLLEGE

Fair rent

1,20,000

Standard rent

CENTRA,00,000 RARY

The house was self-occupied for 4 months and then let-out @ a) ₹ 10,000 p.m. b) ₹ 15,000 p.m. Municipal tax paid by the owner ₹ 10,000.



- 9. X, a resident in India, aged 63 years, earned an agricultural income of ₹ 30,000 during the P.Y. 2023-24. Compute his tax liability assuming that he has non-agricultural income of ₹ 3,20,000.
- 10. Compute income from other sources of Mr. Ganguly for the A.Y. 2024-25.
 - i) He received interest on deposits done in cooperative society ₹ 4,000
 - ii) As a director of a company, he received ₹ 26,000 as director's fees
 - iii) Received dividends from a foreign company ₹ 12,000
 - iv) Income from agriculture in England ₹1,56,000
 - v) Received honorarium for delivering lectures in a registered society ₹ 2,400
 - vi) Received from winnings from lottery ₹ 21,000.
- 11. Summarise the meaning and types of Capital Assets.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

SECTION - C

Answer any three questions in this Section. Each question carries 10 marks.

12. The following are the particulars of Mr. Ganesh's incomes during the Previous Year 2023-24:

		₹
1)	Agriculture income from land situated in Kanpur	23,000
2)	Income from a business in Chennai, the business is managed from London	30,000
3)	Income from the electronics industry in Japan, its head office situated in Japan, out of this income ₹ 50,000 brought into India	1,50,000
4)	Income from a business in Iran (₹ 35,000 the income from a business which is controlled from India is included)	80,000
5)	Income from agricultural land in Sri Lanka and deposited in a bank there	50,000
6)	Sudhir who is a non-resident paid interest on loan provided to him for a business carried on in India	28,000
Compute his Gross Total Income for the A.Y. 2024-25, if he is:		
a) Ordinarily resident b) Not-ordinarily resident c) Non-resident		



- 13. What is Provident Fund? Distinguish their different types in detail.
- 14. Mr. Benny is a University Professor drawing annual salary of ₹ 4,60,000. He has a residential building. One unit of which is let out and the other was used by him for his residence. Rent received for the let-out portion is ₹ 2,000 p.m. He paid municipal taxes of ₹ 6,700 for this building. He received ₹ 5,000 as remuneration in connection with exam. work. He also received a royalty of ₹ 50,000 from a book written by him. He paid ₹ 3,000 p.m. towards General Provident Fund account and paid insurance premium of ₹ 18,000 for his own life. He also deposited ₹ 6,000 under National Savings Scheme VIII Issue. Compute his tax liability for the A.Y. 2024-25 under optional tax regime as per normal provisions.
- 15. Compute the taxable salary of Mr. Sajan for the A.Y. 2024-25:
 - i) Salary ₹ 60,000 p.m.
 - ii) D.A. ₹ 10,000 p.m.
 - iii) Entertainment Allowance ₹ 1,000 p.m.
 - iv) Employer's contribution to RPF ₹ 88,000. His own contribution was ₹ 88,800
 - v) Interest @ 10% p.a. on credit balance of RPF amounted to ₹ 50,000
 - vi) City compensatory allowance ₹ 500 p.m.
 - vii) Medical allowance ₹ 1,200 p.m.
 - viii) He has been provided with a large car for both official and personal use. Employer bears all the car expenses.
 - ix) He is provided an unfurnished house by the employer in a city (population 12 lakh). The fair rental value of the house is ₹ 90,000 p.a. Employer charges ₹ 2,000 from him per month as rent.

- 16. State, giving brief reasons whether the following items are allowable under computation of profits and gains of business or profession :
 - a) Donation to political party.
 - b) Fees paid to lawyer for drafting a new partnership deed.
 - c) Sum paid to a labour leader to call off the strike.
 - d) Salary paid to son working in the office. The salary is reasonable.
 - e) Rent paid to daughter for office block which was gifted to her at the time of her marriage.
 - f) Bonus to partner for extra services.
 - g) Interest paid to wife on money borrowed from her.
 - h) Subscription for magazines paid by doctor for the benefit of his patients.(3×10=30)

