Reg. No. : $\qquad$
Name : $\qquad$

# Sixth Semester B.A. Degree (C.B.C.S.S.-OBE - Regular/Supplementary/ Improvement) Examination, April 2024 <br> (2019 to 2021 Admissions) CORE COURSE IN ECONOMICS/DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS 6B12ECO/DEV ECO : Basic Tools for Economic Analysis - II 

Time : 3 Hours

## PART-A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

1. What do you mean by non-singular matrix ?
2. State the meaning of derivative.
3. Define limit of a function.
4. What is meant by regressor?
5. Define trend.
6. What do you mean by price index ?

PART-B
Answer any six questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
7. Given $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}5 & 4 & 8 \\ 3 & 2 & 6 \\ 9 & 7 & 1\end{array}\right]$.Find $5 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{ED}$ COLLEGE
8. Given $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 6 & 8\end{array}\right]=\mathrm{B}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}1 & 4 \\ 5 & 7\end{array}\right] \mathrm{C}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}9 & 7 \\ 6 & 2\end{array}\right]=$
prove that $(A+B)+C=A+(B+C)$.
9. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ given $z=7 x^{3}+13 x^{2} y+19 x y$.
10. Given the total cost function $C=35+5 Q-2 Q^{2}+2 Q^{3}$, find the marginal cost and evaluate it at $\mathrm{Q}=3$.
11. Explain the rank correlation coefficient.
12. What is simple linear regression?
13. Distinguish between seasonal variations and cyclical variations.
14. What is meant by time reversal test?
PART-C

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 3 marks.
15. Find the determinant of the matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}3 & 6 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 7 & 9 & 1\end{array}\right]$.
16. Given the total cost function $C=Q^{3}-5 Q^{2}+60 Q$, find the critical value at which $A C$ is minimized.
17. Find the marginal productivity of labour and capital given the production function $Q=0.5 \mathrm{~K}^{2}+2 \mathrm{KL}+\mathrm{L}^{2}$ and evaluate the marginal productivities at $\mathrm{K}=2$ and $\mathrm{L}=4$.
18. Find Pearson's correlation coefficient given

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 2 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 14 | 16 | 2 | 20 |

19. Find Fisher's index number.

| Commodity | Base Year <br> Price | Base Year <br> Quantity | Current Year <br> Brice | Current Year <br> Quantity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 15 | 15 | 22 | 12 |
| B | 20 | 5 | 27 | 4 |
| C | 4 | 10 | 7 | 5 |

20. Explain the moving average method of measuring trend.

## PART - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 marks.
21. Use Cramer's rule to solve for the unknowns in the following :
$2 x_{1}+4 x_{2}-x_{3}=52$
$-x_{1}+5 x_{2}+3 x_{3}=72$
$3 x_{1}-7 x_{2}+2 x_{3}=10$
22. Given the revenue function $R=1400 Q-6 Q^{2}$ and the total cost function $C=1500+80 Q$, find the critical value at which profit is maximized, and the maximized profit.
23. Find the least square regression line of $Y$ on $X$ :

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 65 | 63 | 67 | 64 | 68 | 62 | 70 | 66 | 68 | 67 | 69 | 71 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 68 | 66 | 68 | 65 | 69 | 66 | 68 | 65 | 71 | 67 | 68 | 70 |

24. The following are the annual profits in thousands of rupees in a certain business:

| Year | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profits | 63 | 72 | 75 | 65 | 80 | 85 | 95 |

Use the method of least squares to fit a straight-line trend.

