



K23P 1376

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**III Semester M.Sc. Degree (CBSS – Reg./Supple./Imp.)**  
**Examination, October 2023**  
**(2020 Admission Onwards)**  
**CHEMISTRY**  
**CHE 3C 09 : Organic Chemistry III**

Time : 3 Hours

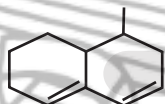
Max. Marks : 60

**SECTION – A**

Answer **all** questions in **one** word or **one** sentence. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

(8×1=8)

1. Calculate the  $\lambda_{\max}$  value of the organic compound.



2. Define Beer-Lambert's law.
3. What is coupling constant ?
4. How many  $^1\text{H}$  NMR signals would you expect in the following organic compound ?

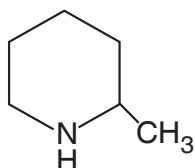


5. How will you identify chlorine atom present in an organic compound by using mass spectra ?
6. What is nitrogen rule ?

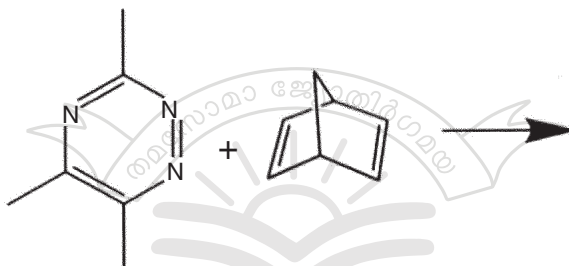
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7. Write the IUPAC name of the following organic compound.



8. Complete the reaction.



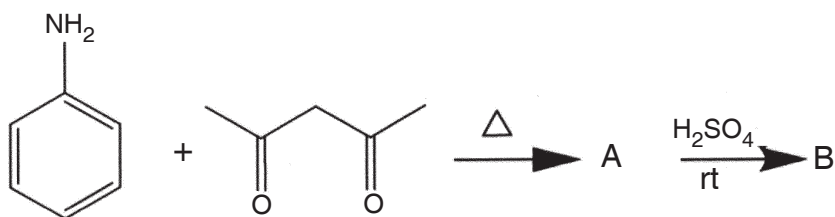
### SECTION – B

Answer **any eight** questions. Answer may be **two** or **three** sentences. **Each** question carries **two** marks. **(8×2=16)**

9. How will you distinguish cis-but-2-ene and trans-but-2-ene using IR spectroscopy ?
10. How the polarity of the solvent shifts the wavelength of  $n \rightarrow \pi^*$  electronic transition ?
11. The intensity of  $n \rightarrow \pi^*$  electronic transitions are usually very low. Give reason.
12. Water is not commonly used as a solvent in IR spectroscopy. Give reason.
13. Intensities of  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR peaks are lower than that of  $^1\text{H}$  NMR. Give reason.
14. Hydroxylic peak of acidified ethanol usually give a single peak. Why ?
15. What is McLafferty rearrangement ? Explain.
16. Write the fragmentation pattern and identify the base peak of cyclohexene.
17. Explain the metastable ion present in mass spectrum.



18. Identify the products A and B.



19. Write a short note on oxetane.

20. Explain the cycloaddition reactions of azepines.

### SECTION – C

Answer **any four** questions. Short paragraph questions. **Each** question carries **three** marks. (4×3=12)

21. An organic compound has molecular formula  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$  is IR (KBr) : 2995, 2918, 1715, 1422, 1360 and  $1213\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Assign the structure.

22. Account the electronic transitions in enes and enones.

23. Explain anisotropic effect with suitable examples.

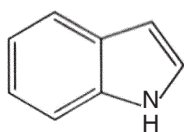
24. Write a short note on :

i) GC-MS

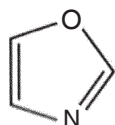
ii) HPLC -MS

25. What are coumarins ? Write any one synthetic method to prepare coumarin.

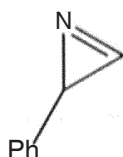
26. Complete the following reactions.



$\text{POCl}_3/\text{DMF}$



$\text{NaNH}_2/\text{Heat}$



$\text{CH}_3\text{MgCl}$

$\text{H}^+/\text{H}_2\text{O}$



## SECTION – D

Answer **any four** questions. Essay type questions. **Each** question carries **six** marks.

(4×6=24)

27. A) Explain the factors affecting vibrational frequencies. What are the applications of IR spectroscopy ?

OR

- B) Explain FTIR and its instrumentation.

28. A) Briefly discuss the following :

- i) Double resonance
- ii) NOE
- iii) DEPT.

OR

- B) Explain the spin-spin interaction in NMR spectroscopy.

29. A) Assign the structure of the organic compound  $C_8H_8O$  shows the following spectral data

Two base peaks at  $m/z = 119$  and  $91$

IR (KBr) :  $2825, 2717, 1700\text{ cm}^{-1}$

$^1\text{H NMR}$  :  $\delta$  2.4 (3H, s),  $\delta$  7.1 – 7.9 (4H, a pair of doublets  $J=8\text{ Hz}$ ) and  $\delta$  10.0 (1H, S)

OR

- B) Describe the EI, CA, FAB and electro spray ion sources in the mass spectroscopy.

30. A) Explain the preparation and properties of indole and quinoline.

OR

- B) Explain the preparation and properties of pyrans and pyrimidines.