K22P 1427



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III Semester M.Sc. Degree (CBSS – Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, October 2022 (2019 Admission Onwards) PHYSICS

PHY 3E03: Microprocessors and Applications

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Answer both questions (either a or b):

 $(2 \times 12 = 24)$

- 1. a) i) Discuss programmed data transfer schemes, taking 8085 as example.
 - ii) Explain serial data transfer in 8085.

OR

- b) i) Describe the internal architecture of PPI 8255. Explain its salient features.
 - ii) How the ports of 8255 are programmed? Explain with example.
- 2. a) i) With the help of a block diagram explain the architecture and features of ADC0800.
 - ii) Write an ALP to interface ADC 0800 alone with microprocessor 8085.

OR

- b) i) With the help of a schematic diagram, discuss the internal architecture of microcontroller 8051.
 - ii) List the interrupts in 8051 microcontroller. How the interrupt priority is programmed in 8051?

SIR SECTION + BGE

Answer any 4 (1 mark for part a, 3 marks for part b and 5 marks for part c). $(4\times9=36)$

- 3. a) What are machine cycles ? TRAL LIBRARY
 - b) How does the following instructions differ, i) JP 8500 ii) JPE8500 ?
 - c) Draw the complete timing of the instruction MOV A, B.



- 4. a) Enlist the buses in 8085.
 - b) Explain the addressing scheme for I/O devices. Which one among the two is more beneficial?
 - c) Write an ALP to find the 2's complement of a 16 bit number.
- 5. a) Enlist the interrupts in 8085.
 - b) What is meant by priority of interrupts, explain using interrupts in 8085. What are vectored and non-vectored interrupts?
 - c) Explain enabling, disabling and masking of interrupts in 8085.
- 6. a) How the control signal for MEMORY WRITE operation is generated from standard signals of microprocessor?
 - b) What is interfacing? Explain its necessity.
 - c) What is USART? Explain serial to parallel data conversion and transmission in 8251.
- 7. a) What is ZCD? Draw its schematic and input output relationship for sine wave.
 - b) With the help of a schematic diagram, explain the working of a current to voltage converter.
 - c) What is the purpose of a sample and hold circuit? Explain the working with suitable example. Define i) Acquisition time, ii) Aperture time and iii) Droop rate of a sample and hold circuit.
- 8. a) What are sub routines? How they are executed in a programme?
 - b) What is the use of a multiplexer? With suitable example explain the interfacing of a multiplexer.
 - wave using microprocessor.

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